# How to Analyze a Case: 6-part analysis

Raffles v. Wichelhaus

#### Who?

Plaintiff – seller of cotton Defendant – buyer of cotton

#### Where?

Bombay, India and Liverpool, England

#### When?

1864

## What?

Goods to be sent on a ship called 'Peerless' from Bombay to Liverpool.

2 ships with the same name; one leaving in October, the other in December.

Buyer meant 'October' Peerless

Seller meant 'December' Peerless

## How?

 No contract (K); therefore neither side prevails

# Why?

No consensus ad idem ('meeting of the minds')